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APPLICATION NO).	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/750,194		12/31/2003	Brian C. Reising	8R08.1-030	9176
23506	7590	01/03/2006		EXAMINER	
GARDNE			WERNER, JONATHAN S		
2018 POWERS FERRY ROAD SUITE 800				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
ATLANTA	ANTA, GA 30339 3732				
				DATE MAILED: 01/03/2004	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			Application No. Applicant(s)							
		10/750,19	4	REISING, BRIAN C.						
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit						
		Jonathan V		3732						
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply									
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).										
Status	•									
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on								
,	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.									
3) 🗌	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is									
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.									
Disposition of Claims										
· ·	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-52</u> is/are pending in the application.									
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.									
• —	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.									
·	Claim(s) is/are rejected.									
•	☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. ☐ Claim(s) <u>1-52</u> are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.									
اکا(ہ	Claim(s) 1-02 are subject to restriction	i and/or election req	un ement.							
Applicati	on Papers									
9)[The specification is objected to by the	Examiner.								
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are:									
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).										
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).									
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.										
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119									
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:										
	1. Certified copies of the priority d									
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No										
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage									
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).									
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.										
	<i>u</i>									
Attachmen	et(s) ce of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)						
2) Notice 3) Infor	ce of References Cited (P10-692) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PT0-1449 or P er No(s)/Mail Date		Paper No(s)/Mail Da							

Application/Control Number: 10/750,194

Art Unit: 3732

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 1-13 and 28-34 drawn to: a) a device for positioning orthodontic brackets on a model of a set of teeth; and claims 35-52 drawn to: b) a method of positioning orthodontic brackets on a model of a set of teeth, classified in class 433, subclass 50.
- II. Claims 14-17, drawn to a device for positioning orthodontic brackets on a model of a set of teeth using a vertical register assembly, classified in class 433, subclass 50.
- III. Claims 18-21, drawn to a device for positioning orthodontic brackets on a model of a set of teeth using a rotation register assembly, classified in class 433, subclass 50.
- IV. Claims 22-27, drawn to a device for positioning orthodontic brackets on a model of a set of teeth using a torque register assembly, classified in class 433, subclass 50.
- 1. Inventions I(a) and II are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because Inventions III or IV demonstrates that the device does not require the particulars

Application/Control Number: 10/750,194

Art Unit: 3732

of the vertical register assembly of Invention II. The subcombination has separate utility such as registering an axial position of a model tooth.

Inventions I(b) and II are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case, the method of positioning orthodontic brackets on a model of a set of teeth can be practiced by using the device of Invention III or IV.

2. Inventions I(a) and III are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because inventions II or IV demonstrate that the device does not require the particulars of the rotation register assembly for patentability. The subcombination has separate utility such as registering a rotational position of a model tooth.

Inventions I(b) and III are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case, the

method of positioning orthodontic brackets on a model of a set of teeth can be practiced by using the device of Invention II or IV.

3. Inventions I(a) and IV are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because inventions II and III demonstrate that the device does not require the particulars of the torque register assembly. The subcombination has separate utility such as registering a torque position of a model tooth.

Inventions I(b) and IV are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case, the method of positioning orthodontic brackets on a model of a set of teeth can be practiced by using the device of Invention II or III.

4. Inventions II and III are related as subcombinations disclosed as usable together in a single combination. The subcombinations are distinct from each other if they are shown to be separately usable. In the instant case, invention III has separate utility such as registering a rotational position of a model tooth. See MPEP § 806.05(d).

Application/Control Number: 10/750,194 Page 5

Art Unit: 3732

5. Inventions II and IV are related as subcombinations disclosed as usable together in a single combination. The subcombinations are distinct from each other if they are shown to be separately usable. In the instant case, invention IV has separate utility such as registering a torque position of a model tooth. See MPEP § 806.05(d).

- 6. Inventions III and IV are related as subcombinations disclosed as usable together in a single combination. The subcombinations are distinct from each other if they are shown to be separately usable. In the instant case, invention IV has separate utility such as registering a torque position of a model tooth. See MPEP § 806.05(d).
- 7. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.
- 8. Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jonathan Werner whose telephone number is (571) 272-2767. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday.

Art Unit: 3732

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kevin Shaver can be reached on (571) 272-4720. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Jonathan Werner

Examiner AU 3732

JSW 12/29/05

> Rinaldi I. Rada Supervisory Patent Examiner

Group 3700